



E-28

INTELLIGENT KEYBOARD

MIDI implementation

 **Roland**

E-28 INTELLIGENT KEYBOARD

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

Version 1.0

Date: June 1996

ARRANGER SECTION

1 Receive data (Arranger Section)

- Channel Voice Messages -

■ Note off

Status	Second	Third
8nH	kkH	vvH
9nH	kkH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv=Velocity : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Midi Rx Channel = OFF" and the Note number is outside the "Limits".
 *Velocity is ignored.

■ Note on

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	vvH

n= MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk= Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv= Velocity : 01H - 7FH (1 - 127)

*Ignored when "Midi Rx Channel = OFF" and the Note number is outside the "Limits".

■ Polyphonic key pressure

Status	Second	Third
AnH	kkH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv=Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Midi Rx Channel = OFF".
 *Effect to the parameter set on "PAf controller function".
 The default setting has no effect.

■ Control change

*Ignored when "Midi Rx Channel = OFF".
 *The values set by Control change messages won't reset by receiving new Program change messages.

Bank select

Status	Second	Third
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	llH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm, ll=Bank number : 00H,00H - 7FH,7FH (bank1 - bank16384)
 Default Value = 00 00H (bank.1)

"Rx.Bank Select" is set to ON by "GS RESET". (Power-on default value is ON.)

*The LSB 7-bits are ignored (always regards as llH=00H).
 However, when sending Bank Select messages, you have to send both of the MSB(mm) and LSB(ll) together.

**"Bank select" is suspended until receiving "Program change".

To select a Tone of another bank, you have to send Bank select(mm,ll) before sending the Program change.

*The "Variation number" of GS Format is defined as the decimal expression of the MSB value (Control change number 00H) of the Bank select.

Modulation

Status	Second	Third
BnH	01H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Modulation depth : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Modulation Midi Rx Filter = OFF".
 *Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting is pitch modulation depth.

Portamento time

Status	Second	Third
BnH	05H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Portamento time : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 Default Value = 00H (0)

*The Portamento time value changes the rate of pitch change when Portamento is ON or when using portamento control messages.
 Value 0 is the fastest.

Data entry

Status	Second	Third
BnH	06H	mmH
BnH	26H	llH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm,ll=Value of the parameter specified with RPN and/or NRPN

Volume

Status	Second	Third
BnH	07H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Volume : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Volume messages control the volume level of the specified channel (part).
 Use Volume messages to control volume balance of each part.
 *Ignored when "Volume Midi Rx Filter = OFF".

Panpot

Status	Second	Third
BnH	0AH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Panpot : 00H - 40H 7FH (Left - Center - Right)

*127 steps from Left to Center to Right.
 *Within the Drum Part, the panpot provides overall control of a stereophonic image.
 *Ignored when "Panpot Midi Rx Filter" = OFF".

Expression

Status Second Third
BnH 0BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Expression : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Expression and Volume messages are cumulative, and the result will control the overall volume.
Use Expression messages for expression pedal, or creating expressive effects, such as crescendo, decrescendo, while playing.
*Ignored when "Expression Midi Rx Filter = OFF".

Hold1

Status Second Third
BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF,64-127=ON

*Ignored when "Sustain Midi Rx.Filter = OFF".

Portamento

Status Second Third
BnH 41H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF 64-127=ON

Sostenuto

Status Second Third
BnH 42H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF 64-127=ON

Soft

Status Second Third
BnH 43H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Portamento Control

Status Second Third
BnH 54H kkH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
kk=source note number for pitch reference: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*When a Note On message is received after a Portamento Control message, the voice's pitch will glide from the pitch specified by the source note number of the Portamento Control message at the rate set by the portamento time controller (regardless portamento on/off.) If there is a currently sounding voice whose note number is coincident with the source note number, the voice's pitch will glide to the new Note On's pitch according to the portamento time without re-triggering (played in legato). Then no new voice should be assigned.

Example 1.

On MIDI	Description	Result
90 3C 40 B0 54 3C	Note on C4 Portamento Control from C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sounding)
90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40	Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4	glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off

Example 2.

On MIDI	Description	Result
B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Portamento Control from C4 Note on E4	no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E4
80 40 40	Note off E4	E4 off

Effect1 depth(Reverb send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Reverb send level : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect1 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Reverb unit.
*Ignored when "Reverb Depth Rx Filter = OFF".

Effect3 depth(Chorus send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5DH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Chorus send level : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect3 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Chorus unit.
*Ignored when "Chorus Depth Midi Rx Filter = OFF".

NRPN MSB/LSB

Status Second Third
BnH 63H mmH
BnH 62H llH

n =MIDI channel number :0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm =MSB of the NRPN
ll =LSB of the NRPN

*Recognized when "Rx.NRPN = ON". "Rx.NRPN" is set ON by "GS RESET".

*The values set by NRPN won't reset by receiving new Program Change messages or Reset All Controllers.

NRPN

An NRPN (Non Registered Parameter Number) is an expanded control change message.

Each function of an NRPN is described by the individual manufacturer. To use NRPN, set NRPN number (MSB/LSB) before sending data. Then send data by Data entry message(Control Change # 6/38).

And then, it is recommended to send RPN null (RPN number = 7FH/7FH) to prevent the data from being unexpectedly change. For more explanation, refer to Chapter 4. Useful Information, Example of actual MIDI messages <EXAMPLE 4>.

You can change the following parameters by using NRPN.

NRPN	Data entry	MSB	LSB	Description	
				mm	ll
01H	08H	mm	H	Vibrato rate	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	09H	mm	H	Vibrato depth	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	0AH	mm	H	Vibrato delay	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	20H	mm	H	TVF cutoff frequency	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	21H	mm	H	TVF resonance	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	63H	mm	H	TVF&TVA Env. Attack time	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	64H	mm	H	TVF&TVA Env. Decay time	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	66H	mm	H	TVF&TVA Env. Release time	relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)

18H	rrH	mmH	Pitch coarse of drum instrument relative change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-40H-7FH (-64 - 0 - +63 semitone)
1AH	rrH	mmH	TVA level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)
1CH	rrH	mmH	Panpot of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H,01H-40H-7FH (Random, Left-Center-Right)
1DH	rrH	mmH	Reverb send level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)
1EH	rrH	mmH	Chorus send level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)

*Data entry LSB is ignored.
 *The relative change means that the parameter value(e.g.-50 - 0 - +50) will be added to the preset value.
 *The absolute change means that the parameter value will be replaced by the received value.
 *Ignored when "NRPN Midi Rx Filter = OFF".

RPN MSB/LSB

Status	Second	Third
BnH	65H	mmH
BnH	64H	lH

n =MIDI channel number :0H -FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm =MSB of the RPN
 lH =MSB of the RPN

*The values set by an RPN won't be reset by receiving new Program Change messages or Reset All Controllers.

RPN

An RPN (Registered Parameter Number) is an expanded control change message.

Each function of an RPN is described by the MIDI Standard. To use RPN, set RPN number (MSB/LSB) before sending data. Then send data by Data entry message(Control Change # 6/38). And then, it is recommended to send RPN null (RPN number = 7FH/7FH) to prevent the data from being unexpectedly change. For more explanation, refer to Chapter 4. Useful Information, Example of actual MIDI messages <EXAMPLE 4>.

You can change the following parameters by using RPN.

RPN	Data entry	Description
MSB LSB	MSB LSB	
00H 00H	mmH ----	Pitch bend sensitivity mm: 00H-18H (0 - 24 semitone) Default value=02H (two semitones) lH: ignored (value=00H) (Up to 2 octaves)
00H 01H	mmH lH H	Master fine tuning mm, lH: 00 00H-40 00H-7F 7FH (-8192x100/8192 - 0 - +8191x100/8192 cents)
00H 02H	mmH ----	Master coarse tuning mm: 28H-40H-58H (-24 - 0 - +24 semitones) lH: ignored (value=00H)
7FH 7FH	---- ----	RPN null Return to disable condition. The parameter already set retains its value. mm,lH: ignored.

■ Program change

Status	Second
CnH	ppH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 pp=Program number : 00H - 7FH (prog.1 - prog.128)

*The Tone of the voices already ON before receiving a program change message isn't affected.

The Tone will be changed by a new Not-on message after the program change is received.

*Ignored when "Program change Midi Rx Filter = OFF".

*In the drum part, Program change messages are ignored when the Bank is set at 129 - 16384 (ie. the value of the control change number 0 is not 00H).

■ Channel pressure

Status	Second
DnH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting has no effect.

■ Pitch bend change

Status	Second	Third
EnH	lH H	mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm, lH=Value : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

*Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting is pitch bend.

*Ignored when "Pitch Bender Midi Rx Filter = OFF"

Channel Mode Messages

■ All sounds off

Status	Second	Third
BnH	78H	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "All sounds off" is received, all sounds on a specified channel turn off immediately.

However, the state of channel messages does not change. You must not use "All sound off" message for "Note off".

■ Reset all controllers

Status	Second	Third
BnH	79H	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "reset all controllers" is received, the controller value of specified channel return to the default at values as follows.

Controller	Default Value
Pitch bend change	0(Center)
Polyphonic key pressure	0(off)
Channel pressure	0(off)
Modulation	0(off)
Expression	127(maximum)
Hold1	0(off)
Portamento	0(off)
Sostenuto	0(off)
Soft	0(off)
RPN	disabled. Theparameter already set retains its old value
NRPN	disabled. Theparameter already set retains its old value

■ All notes off

Status Second Third
BnH 7BH 00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "All notes off" is received, all notes are turned off in the specified channel.
However, sound continues while hold1 and/or sostenuto is on.

■ OMNI OFF

Status Second Third
BnH 7CH 00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*OMNI OFF is only recognized as "all notes off". Mode doesn't change.

■ OMNI ON

Status Second Third
BnH 7DH 00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*OMNI ON is only recognized as "all notes off". Mode doesn't change (OMNI OFF remains).

■ MONO

Status Second Third
BnH 7EH mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm=number of mono : 00H - 10H (0 - 16)

**MONO is recognized as "all sounds off". The specified channel turns to Mode4 (M=1), even if mm is not equal to 1 (mm is ignored).

■ POLY

Status Second Third
BnH 7FH 00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*POLY is recognized as "all sounds off". The specified channel turns to Mode3.

System Real Time Message

■ Active sensing

Status
FEH

*Having received an "active sensing" message, e-28 expects to receive additional active sensing messages at 300ms intervals.
If the interval is greater than 420ms, e-28 executes "All sounds off", "All notes off" and "Reset all controllers" and returns to normal operation. (Monitoring of active sensing messages will terminate.)

■ Sequencer start

Status
FAH

When "Sequencer start" is received the internal recorder and/or the internal arranger start.

■ Sequencer stop

Status
FCH

When "Sequencer stop" is received the internal recorder and/or the internal arranger stop.

■ Timing clock

Status
F8H

When "Timing clock" is received the internal recorder or the internal arranger are synchronized with an external clock.

System Exclusive Message

Status Data Status
F0H iiH,ddH,.....,eeH F7H

F0H : System exclusive
ii=ID number : The ID number identifies the manufacturer of a MIDI device that triggers an exclusive message. Value 7EH and 7FH are reserved to use as universal messages which are used for extension of the MIDI Standard.
41H : Roland's Manufacturer-ID.
7EH : Universal Non-Realtime Message
7FH : Universal Realtime Message
dd,....,ee=data: 00H-7FH (0-127)
F7H: EOX (End of Exclusive/System common)

System Exclusive Messages of Mode Change

System Exclusive Messages of Mode Change are the messages used to initialize the internal parameters of the device to General MIDI mode or GS default mode. "GS reset" and "Exit GS mode" use a form of Roland Exclusive Message. "Turn General MIDI System On" and "Turn General MIDI System Off" use a form of Universal Non-real Time Message.

GS reset

Status Data Byte Status
F0H 41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 00H, 41H F7H

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	ID number (Roland)
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID (GS)
12H	Command ID (DT1)
40H	Address MSB
00H	:
7FH	Address LSB
00H	Data (GS reset)
41H	Checksum
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)

*Upon receiving this message, all the internal parameters are set to the default settings of the GS Format. (Rx.NRPN SW will be turned ON by this message.)
*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

Exit GS mode

Status Data Byte Status
F0H 41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 7FH, 42H F7H

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	ID number (Roland)
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID (GS)
12H	Command ID (DT1)
40H	Address MSB
00H	:
7FH	Address LSB
7FH	Data (Exit GS mode)
42H	Checksum
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)

*Upon receiving this message, the unit changes from GS to e-28 default mode.
*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

Turn General MIDI System On

Status	Data Byte		Status
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 01H		F7H
Byte	Description		
F0H	Exclusive status		
7EH	ID number	(Universal non-real time message)	
7FH	ID of target device	(Broadcast)	
09H	sub-ID#1	(General MIDI message)	
01H	sub-ID#2	(General MIDI On)	
F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)	

*Upon receiving this message, all the internal parameters are set to the default settings of General MIDI System Level 1.

*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

Turn General MIDI System Off

Status	Data Byte		Status
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 02H		F7H
Byte	Description		
F0H	Exclusive status		
7EH	ID number	(Universal non-real time message)	
7FH	ID of target device	(Broadcast)	
09H	sub-ID#1	(General MIDI message)	
02H	sub-ID#2	(General MIDI Off)	
F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)	

*Upon receiving this message, the unit changes from General MIDI mode to e-28 default mode.

*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

■ Data Transfer

e-28 can transmit and receive the various parameters using System Exclusive messages of the following data format.
GS Common Exclusive messages use Model ID = 42H and Device ID = 17(10H).

■ Request data 1 RQ1

This message is sent out to request the remote device to send back the required data. It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively.

On receiving a proper RQ1 message for the device, the device will transmit a "Data set 1 (DT1)" message, which contains the requested data. Otherwise, the device will not send anything.

Status	Data Byte		Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 11H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ssH, ttH, uuH, sum		F7H
Byte	Description		
F0H	Exclusive status		
41H	Manufacturer's ID	(Roland)	
10H	Device ID	(dev => 10H)	
42H	Model ID	(GS)	
11H	Command ID	(RQ1)	
aaH	Address MSB		
bbH	:		
ccH	Address LSB		
ssH	Size MSB		
ttH	:		
uuH	Size LSB		
sum	Checksum		
F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)	

*e-28 only recognizes the RQ1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*The error checking process uses a Checksum. Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

■ Data set 1 DT1

This message corresponds to the actual data transfer process.
On receiving a DT1 message, the device writes the data to internal memory according to the address.

Status	Data Byte		Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ddH, ... eeH, sum		F7H

Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	Manufacturer's ID	(Roland)
10H	Device ID	(dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID	(GS)
12H	Command ID	(DT1)
aaH	Address MSB	
bbH	:	
ccH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	
:	:	
eeH	Data	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)

*e-28 only recognizes the DT1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*To send large DT1 messages at a time, insert 40ms - intervals at least in between each packet.

*The error checking process uses a Checksum. Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

2 Transmit data (Arranger Section)

- Channel Voice Messages -

■ Note off

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

vv=Velocity : 00H - (0)

■ Note on

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

vv=Velocity : 01H - 7FH (1 - 127)

■ Control change

* The e-28 does not send this message if "Midi Tx Channel" = Off

Bank select

Status	Second	Third
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	llH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

mm, ll =Bank number : 00H,00H - 7FH,7FH (bank1 - bank16384)

Modulation

Status	Second	Third
BnH	01H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

vv=Modulation depth : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Portamento time

Status Second Third
BnH 05H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 00H - 0FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Portamento Time : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) Default 00H (0)

* The portamento Time value change the rate of pitch change when portamento is ON or when using Portamento Control Messages. Value 0 is the fastest.

Hold1

Status Second Third
BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF, 64-127=ON

Portamento Control

Status Second Third
BnH 54H kkH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
kk=source note number for pitch reference: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*When a Note On message is received after a Portamento Control message, the voice's pitch will glide from the pitch specified by the source note number of the Portamento Control message at the rate set by the portamento time controller (regardless portamento on/off.) If there is a currently sounding voice whose note number is coincident with the source note number, the voice's pitch will glide to the new Note On's pitch according to the portamento time without re-triggering (played in legato). Then no new voice should be assigned.

Example 1.

On MIDI	Description	Result
90 3C 40 B0 54 3C	Note on C4 Portamento Control from C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sounding)
90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40	Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4	glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off

Example 2.

On MIDI	Description	Result
B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Portamento Control from C4 Note on E4	no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E4
80 40 40	Note off E4	E4 off

Effect1 depth (Reverb send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Reverb send level: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect1 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Reverb unit.

Effect3 depth (Chorus send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5DH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Chorus send level: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect3 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Chorus unit.

Program change

Status Second
CnH ppH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
pp=Program number : 00H - 7FH (prog.1 - prog.128)

Pitch bend change

Status Second Third
EnH llH mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm, ll=Value : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

System Realtime Message

Active sensing

Status
FEH

*Transmits at about 300ms intervals.

Sequencer start

Status
FAH

"Sequencer start" is transmitted if START/STOP button is pressed and the internal recorder/arranger is in STOP mode.

Sequencer stop

Status
FCH

"Sequencer stop" is transmitted if START/STOP button is pressed and the internal recorder/arranger is in START mode.

Timing clock

Status
F8H

"Timing clock" is always transmitted.

System Exclusive Message

Data Transfer

e-28 transmits "Data set 1 (DT1)" message when receiving a proper "Request Data 1 (RQ1)" message. Refer to section 1 (System Exclusive Message)

Data set 1 DT1 (12H)

Status	Data Byte	Description	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, (42H), 12H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ddH, ... eeH, sum	Exclusive status	F7H
F0H	41H	Manufacturer's ID	(Roland)
41H	10H	Device ID	(dev => 10H)
10H	42H	Model ID	(GS)
42H	12H	Command ID	(DT1)
12H	aaH	Address MSB	
aaH	bbH	Address	
bbH	ccH	Address LSB	
ccH	ddH	Data	
ddH	:	:	
:	eeH	Data	
eeH	sum	Checksum	
sum	F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)

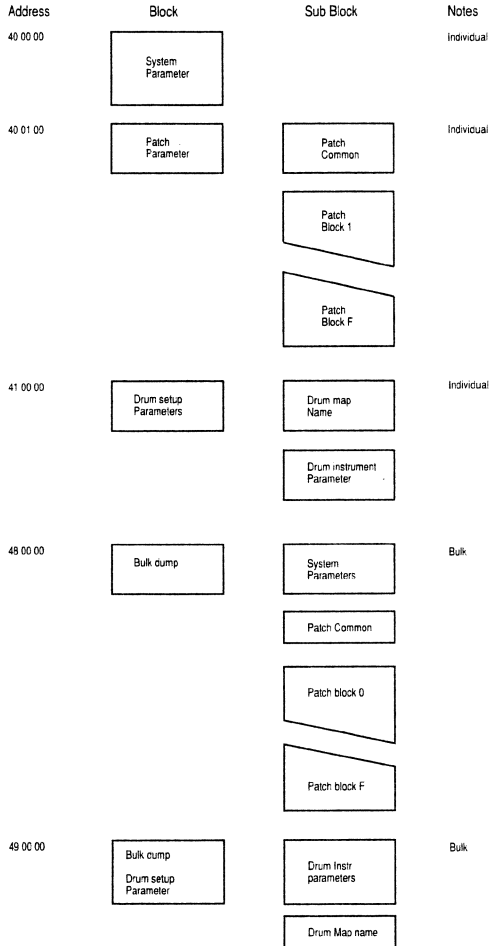
*e-28 only send the DT1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*If the data to send is a large data (more than 128 bytes), then the data will be sent out in separate packets.

*Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

3.1 Parameter address map (Model ID=42H)

This map indicates address, size, Data (range), Parameter, Description, and Default Value of parameters which can be transferred using "Request data 1 (RQ1)" and "Data set 1 (DT1)".
All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default Value are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal-form.



There are two types of GS Exclusive message. One is an individual parameter communication, the other is a bulk dump communication.

Individual parameter

You can use individual parameter communication to send or request an individual parameter value.
One packet of System Exclusive messages "F0 F7" can only have one parameter (which may contain several bytes).
You cannot use any address having "#" for the top address in a System Exclusive message.

[SYSTEM PARAMETERS]

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default value (H)
40 00 00 40 00 01# 40 00 02# 40 00 03#	00 00 04	0018 - 07E8	MASTER TUNE	-100.0 - +100.0 [cent] Use nibblized data.	00 04 00 00
40 00 04	00 00 01	00, 7F	MASTER VOLUME	0 - 127	7F
40 00 05	00 00 01	28, 58	MASTER KEY Shift	-24 / +24 semitones	40
40 00 06	00 00 01	01, 7F	MASTER PAN		40
40 00 7F	00 00 01	00, 7F	MODE SET (Flx Only)	00 = GS Reset 127 = Exit GS	

[PATCH PARAMETERS]

e-28 has 16 parts. The parameters of each part are called PATCH PARAMETERS. To send or request a PATCH PARAMETER, use the part number (which is usually same as the MIDI channel number).

*x...BLOCK NUMBER (0 - F),

Part 1 (default MIDIch = 1)	x=1	Rx only 1
Part 2 (default MIDIch = 2)	x=2	Acc Bass
Part 3 (default MIDIch = 3)	x=3	Rx only 2
Part 4 (default MIDIch = 4)	x=4	Upper 1
Part 5 (default MIDIch = 5)	x=5	Acc 1
Part 6 (default MIDIch = 6)	x=6	Acc 2
Part 7 (default MIDIch = 7)	x=7	Acc 3
Part 8 (default MIDIch = 8)	x=8	Man Bass
Part 9 (default MIDIch = 9)	x=9	Rx only 3
Part 10 (default MIDIch = 10)	x=0	Acc Drums
Part 11 (default MIDIch = 11)	x=A	Lower
Part 12 (default MIDIch = 12)	x=B	Rx only 4
Part 13 (default MIDIch = 13)	x=C	Upper 2
Part 16 (default MIDIch = 16)	x=F	Man Drums

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default value (H)
40 01 00 40 01 # 40 01 0F#	00 00 10	20 - 7F	PATCH NAME	16 ASCII Characters	
40 01 10 40 01 11# 40 01 12# 40 01 13# 40 01 14# 40 01 15# 40 01 16# 40 01 17# 40 01 18# 40 01 19# 40 01 1A# 40 01 1B# 40 01 1C# 40 01 1D# 40 01 1E# 40 01 1F#	00 00 10	00 - 18	VOICE RESERVE	Part 0 Part 1 Part 2 Part 3 Part 4 Part 5 Part 6 Part 7 Part 8 Part 9 Part 10 Part 11 Part 12 Part 13 Part 14 Part 15 Part 16	00 00 02 00 08 02 02 00 00 00 06 00 00 00 00 02

The sum total of voices in the voice reserve function must be equal or less than the number of the maximum polyphony. (24)

40 01 30	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB MACRO	00: Room 1 01: Room 2 02: Room 3 03: Hall 1 04: Hall 2 05: Plate 06: Delay 07: Panning Delay	04
40 01 31	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB CHARACTER		04
40 01 32	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB PRE-LPF		00
40 01 33	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB LEVEL		40
40 01 34	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB TIME		40
40 01 35	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB DELAY FEEDBACK		00
40 01 36	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL TO CHORUS		00

40 2x 36	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PA1 LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00
40 2x 37	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PA1 LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40
40 2x 38	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PA1 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0 - 600 [cent]	00
40 2x 39	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PA1 LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0 - 2400 [cent]	00
40 2x 3A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PA1 LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00
40 2x 40	00 00 01	28 - 58	CC1 PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40
40 2x 41	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40
40 2x 42	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40
40 2x 43	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40
40 2x 44	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0 - 600 [cent]	00
40 2x 45	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0 - 2400 [cent]	00
40 2x 46	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00
40 2x 47	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40
40 2x 48	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0 - 600 [cent]	00
40 2x 49	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0 - 2400 [cent]	00
40 2x 4A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC1 LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00
40 2x 50	00 00 01	28 - 58	CC2 PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40
40 2x 51	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40
40 2x 52	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40
40 2x 53	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40
40 2x 54	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0 - 600 [cent]	00
40 2x 55	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0 - 2400 [cent]	00
40 2x 56	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00
40 2x 57	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40
40 2x 58	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0 - 600 [cent]	00
40 2x 59	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0 - 2400 [cent]	00
40 2x 5A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0 - 100.0 [%]	00

DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS

*m:Map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2)

*rr:drum part note number (00H - 7FH)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description
41 m0 00	00 00 0C	20 - 7F	DRUM MAP NAME	ASCII Character
41 m0 0B#				
41 m1 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PLAY NOTE NUMBER	Pitch coarse
41 m2 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	LEVEL	TVA level (=Bn 63 1A 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m3 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER	Non. 1 - 127
41 m4 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PANPOT	Random, -63(LEFT) - +63(RIGHT) (=Bn 63 1C 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m5 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL	0.0 - 1.0 Multiplicand of the part reverb depth (=Bn 63 1D 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m6 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	0.0 - 1.0 Multiplicand of the part chorus depth (=Bn 63 1E 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m7 rr	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. NOTE OFF	OFF / ON
41 m8 rr	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. NOTE ON	OFF / ON

When you change Drum Sets, all values of the DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS will be initialized.

Bulk Dump

You can send or request bulk data which contains a large amount of parameter data by using Bulk Dump communication. It is used for storing bulk data in a sequencer or a computer. To send or request bulk data, use the Address and Size indicated in the following map. You cannot use any address having "#" for the top address in a System Exclusive message except the following case. Messages which include large data (more than 128 bytes) are sent out in separate packets, then, the top address of the following messages may be the address marked "#".

To send several packets of large DT1 messages at a time, insert intervals of at least 40ms in between those packets.

All Parameters (System Parameters and all Patch Parameters)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 00	00 1D 10	ALL	30 packets
48 1D 0F#			

System Parameters

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 00	00 00 10	SYSTEM PARAMETERS	1 packet
48 00 0F#			

Patch Parameters

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 10	00 01 00	PATCH COMMON	1 packet
48 01 0F#			
48 01 10	00 01 60	BLOCK 0	2 packets
48 02 6F#			
48 02 70	00 01 60	BLOCK 1	2 packets
48 04 4F#			
48 04 50	00 01 60	BLOCK 2	2 packets
48 06 2F#			
48 06 30	00 01 60	BLOCK 3	2 packets
48 08 0F#			
48 08 10	00 01 60	BLOCK 4	2 packets
48 09 6F#			
48 09 70	00 01 60	BLOCK 5	2 packets
48 0B 4F#			
48 0B 50	00 01 60	BLOCK 6	2 packets
48 0D 2F#			
48 0D 30	00 01 60	BLOCK 7	2 packets
48 0F 0F#			
48 0F 10	00 01 60	BLOCK 8	2 packets
48 10 6F#			
48 10 70	00 01 60	BLOCK 9	2 packets
48 12 4F#			
48 12 50	00 01 60	BLOCK A	2 packets
48 14 2F#			
48 14 30	00 01 60	BLOCK B	2 packets
48 16 0F#			
48 16 10	00 01 60	BLOCK C	2 packets
48 17 6F#			
48 17 70	00 01 60	BLOCK D	2 packets
48 19 4F#			
48 19 50	00 01 60	BLOCK E	2 packets
48 1B 2F#			
48 1B 30	00 01 60	BLOCK F	2 packets
48 1D 0F#			

DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS

*m: map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
49 m0 00	00 02 00	PLAY NOTE NUMBER	2 packets
49 m1 7F			
49 m2 00	00 02 00	LEVEL	2 packets
49 m3 7F			
49 m4 00	00 02 00	ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER	2 packets
49 m5 7F			
49 m6 00	00 02 00	PANPOT	2 packets
49 m7 7F			

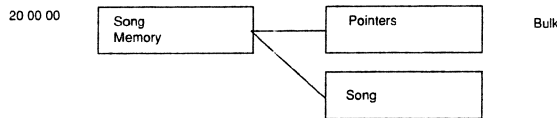
49 m8 00	00 02 00	REVERB SEND LEVEL	2 packets
:	:	:	:
49 m9 7F			
49 mA 00	00 02 00	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	2 packets
:	:	:	:
49 mB 7F			
49 mC 00	00 02 00	Rx. NOTE ON/OFF	2 packets
:	:	:	:
49 mD 7F			
49 mE 00	00 00 18	DRUM MAP NAME	1 packet
:	:	:	:
49 mE 17			

3.2 Parameter address map (Model ID=78H)

This map indicates address, size, Data (range), Parameter and Description of parameters which can be transferred using "Request data 1 (RQ1)" and "Data set 1 (DT1)". All the numbers of address, size and Data are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal form.

Address Block map

An outlined address map of the Exclusive Communication is shown below:



Song Memory (RQ1)

Address(H)	Size(H)	Description	Number of packets
20 00 00	00 30 00	Song Memory	54 packets

Use nibblized data.

Song Memory (DT1)

Address(H)	Size(H)	Description	Number of packet
50 00 00	00 05 0C	Song Pointers	6 packets
20 00 00	00 30 00	Song Memory	48 packets

Use nibblized data.

TONE PROGRAM CHANGE

A 'GM/GS' tone is selected by the message : BnH 00H mmH BnH 20H iiH CnH ppH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H-FH(0-15) 0=ch.1 15=ch.16

mmH	iiH	ppH	Sound Name	CC00	CC32	FC
* piano						
00H	00H	00H	Piano 1	00	00	01
08H	00H	00H	Piano 1w	08	00	01
10H	00H	00H	Piano 1d	16	00	01
.						
00H	00H	01H	Piano 2	00	00	02
08H	00H	01H	Piano 2w	08	00	02
.						
00H	00H	02H	Piano 3	00	00	03
08H	00H	02H	Piano 3w	08	00	03
.						
00H	00H	03H	Honky-tonk	00	00	04
08H	00H	03H	Honky-tonk w	08	00	04
.						
00H	00H	04H	E.Piano 1	00	00	05
08H	00H	04H	Detuned EP 1	08	00	05
10H	00H	04H	E.Piano 1 v	16	00	05
18H	00H	04H	60's E.Piano	24	00	05
.						
00H	00H	05H	E.Piano 2	00	00	06
08H	00H	05H	Detuned EP 2	08	00	06
10H	00H	05H	E.Piano 2v	16	00	06
.						
00H	00H	06H	Harpsichord	00	00	07
08H	00H	06H	Coupled Hps.	08	00	07

10H	00H	06H	Harpsi.w	16	00	07
18H	00H	06H	Harpsi.o	24	00	07
.						
00H	00H	07H	Clav.	00	00	08
.						
* chromatic percussion						
00H	00H	08H	Celesta	00	00	09
.						
00H	00H	09H	Glockenspiel	00	00	10
.						
00H	00H	0AH	Music Box	00	00	11
.						
00H	00H	0BH	Vibraphone	00	00	12
08H	00H	0BH	Vib.w	08	00	12
.						
00H	00H	0CH	Marimba	00	00	13
08H	00H	0CH	Marimba w	08	00	13
.						
00H	00H	0DH	Xylophone	00	00	14
.						
00H	00H	0EH	Tubular-bell	00	00	15
08H	00H	0EH	Church Bell	08	00	15
09H	00H	0EH	Carillon	09	00	15
.						
00H	00H	0FH	Santur	00	00	16
.						
* organ						
00H	00H	10H	Organ 1	00	00	17
08H	00H	10H	Detuned Or.1	08	00	17
10H	00H	10H	60's Organ 1	16	00	17
20H	00H	10H	Organ 4	32	00	17
.						
00H	00H	11H	Organ 2	00	00	18
08H	00H	11H	Detuned Or.2	08	00	18
20H	00H	11H	Organ 5	32	00	18
.						
00H	00H	12H	Organ 3	00	00	19
.						
00H	00H	13H	Church Org.1	00	00	20
08H	00H	13H	Church Org.2	08	00	20
10H	00H	13H	Church Org.3	16	00	20
.						
00H	00H	14H	Reed Organ	00	00	21
.						
00H	00H	15H	Accordion Fr	00	00	22
08H	00H	15H	Accordion It	08	00	22
.						
00H	00H	16H	Harmonica	00	00	23
.						
00H	00H	17H	Bandoneon	00	00	24
.						
* guitar						
00H	00H	18H	Nylon-str.Gt	00	00	25
08H	00H	18H	Ukulele	08	00	25
10H	00H	18H	Nylon Gt.o	16	00	25
20H	00H	18H	Nylon Gt.2	32	00	25
.						
00H	00H	19H	Steel-str.Gt	00	00	26
08H	00H	19H	12-str.Gt	08	00	26
10H	00H	19H	Mandolin	16	00	26
.						
00H	00H	1AH	Jazz Gt.	00	00	27
08H	00H	1AH	Hawaiian Gt.	08	00	27
.						
00H	00H	1BH	Clean Gt.	00	00	28
08H	00H	1BH	Chorus Gt.	08	00	28
.						
00H	00H	1CH	Muted Gt.	00	00	29
08H	00H	1CH	Funk Gt.	08	00	29
10H	00H	1CH	Funk Gt.2	16	00	29
.						
00H	00H	1DH	Overdrive Gt.	00	00	30
.						
00H	00H	1EH	DistortionGt.	00	00	31
08H	00H	1EH	Feedback Gt.	08	00	31
.						
00H	00H	1FH	Gt.Harmonics	00	00	32
08H	00H	1FH	Gt. Feedback	08	00	32
.						
* bass						
00H	00H	20H	Acoustic Bs.	00	00	33
.						
00H	00H	21H	Fingered Bs.	00	00	34
.						

00H	00H	22H	Picked Bs.	00	00	35	00H	00H	43H	Baritone Sax	00	00	68
00H	00H	23H	Fretless Bs.	00	00	36	00H	00H	44H	Oboe	00	00	69
00H	00H	24H	Slap Bass 1	00	00	37	00H	00H	45H	English Horn	00	00	70
00H	00H	25H	Slap Bass 2	00	00	38	00H	00H	46H	Bassoon	00	00	71
00H	00H	26H	Synth Bass 1	00	00	39	00H	00H	47H	Clarinet	00	00	72
01H	00H	26H	SynthBass101	01	00	39	*						
08H	00H	26H	Synth Bass 3	08	00	39	* pipe						
00H	00H	27H	Synth Bass 2	00	00	40	0H	00H	48H	Piccolo	00	00	73
08H	00H	27H	Synth Bass 4	08	00	40	*						
10H	00H	27H	Rubber Bass	16	00	40	00H	00H	49H	Flute	00	00	74
*							*						
* strings & orchestral instruments							00H	00H	4AH	Recorder	00	00	75
00H	00H	28H	Violin	00	00	41	00H	00H	4BH	Pan Flute	00	00	76
08H	00H	28H	Slow Violin	08	00	41	*						
00H	00H	29H	Viola	00	00	42	00H	00H	4CH	Bottle Blow	00	00	77
00H	00H	2AH	Cello	00	00	43	*						
00H	00H	2BH	Contrabass	00	00	44	00H	00H	4DH	Shakuhachi	00	00	78
00H	00H	2CH	Tremolo Str	00	00	45	*						
00H	00H	2DH	PizzicatoStr	00	00	46	00H	00H	4EH	Whistle	00	00	79
00H	00H	2EH	Harp	00	00	47	*						
00H	00H	2FH	Timpani	00	00	48	00H	00H	4FH	Ocarina	00	00	80
* ensemble							*						
00H	00H	30H	Strings	00	00	49	* synth lead						
08H	00H	30H	Orchestra	08	00	49	00H	00H	50H	Square Wave	00	00	81
00H	00H	31H	Slow Strings	00	00	50	01H	00H	50H	Square	01	00	81
00H	00H	32H	Syn.Strings1	00	00	51	08H	00H	50H	Sine Wave	08	00	81
08H	00H	32H	Syn.Strings3	08	00	51	*						
00H	00H	33H	Syn.Strings2	00	00	52	00H	00H	51H	Saw Wave	00	00	82
00H	00H	34H	Choir Aahs	00	00	53	01H	00H	51H	Saw	01	00	82
20H	00H	34H	Choir Aahs 2	32	00	53	08H	00H	51H	Doctor Solo	08	00	82
00H	00H	35H	Voice Oohs	00	00	54	*						
00H	00H	36H	SynVox	00	00	55	00H	00H	52H	Syn.Calliope	00	00	83
00H	00H	37H	OrchestraHit	00	00	56	*						
* brass							00H	00H	53H	Chiffer Lead	00	00	84
00H	00H	38H	Trumpet	00	00	57	00H	00H	54H	Charang	00	00	85
00H	00H	39H	Trombone	00	00	58	*						
01H	00H	39H	Trombone 2	01	00	58	00H	00H	55H	Solo Vox	00	00	86
00H	00H	3AH	Tuba	00	00	59	00H	00H	56H	5th Saw Wave	00	00	87
00H	00H	3BH	MutedTrumpet	00	00	60	*						
00H	00H	3CH	French Horn	00	00	61	00H	00H	57H	Bass & Lead	00	00	88
01H	00H	3CH	French Horn2	01	00	61	*						
00H	00H	3DH	Brass 1	00	00	62	* synth pad						
08H	00H	3DH	Brass 2	08	00	62	00H	00H	58H	Fantasia	00	00	89
00H	00H	3EH	Synth Brass1	00	00	63	*						
08H	00H	3EH	Synth Brass3	08	00	63	00H	00H	59H	Warm Pad	00	00	90
10H	00H	3EH	AnalogBrass1	16	00	63	*						
00H	00H	3FH	Synth Brass2	00	00	64	00H	00H	5AH	Polysynth	00	00	91
08H	00H	3FH	Synth Brass4	08	00	64	00H	00H	5BH	Space Voice	00	00	92
10H	00H	3FH	AnalogBrass2	16	00	64	*						
* reed							00H	00H	5CH	Bowed Glass	00	00	93
00H	00H	40H	Soprano Sax	00	00	65	00H	00H	5DH	Metal Pad	00	00	94
00H	00H	41H	Alto Sax	00	00	66	*						
00H	00H	42H	Tenor Sax	00	00	67	00H	00H	5EH	Halo Pad	00	00	95
							00H	00H	5FH	Sweep Pad	00	00	96
							*						
							* synth sfx						
							00H	00H	60H	Ice Rain	00	00	97
							*						
							00H	00H	61H	Soundtrack	00	00	98
							*						
							00H	00H	62H	Crystal	00	00	99
							01H	00H	62H	Syn Mallet	01	00	99
							*						
							00H	00H	63H	Atmosphere	00	00	100
							*						
							00H	00H	64H	Brightness	00	00	101
							*						
							00H	00H	65H	Goblin	00	00	102
							*						
							00H	00H	66H	Echo Drops	00	00	103
							01H	00H	66H	Echo Bell	01	00	103
							02H	00H	66H	Echo Pan	02	00	103
							*						
							00H	00H	67H	Star Theme	00	00	104
							*						

2CH	03H	81	BLUES	44	3
10H	02H	82	COUNTRY	16	2
3CH	00H	83	SEVILLA	60	0
3CH	01H	84	SP RHUMBA	60	1
11H	0EH	85	MUSETTE	17	14
11H	0FH	86	FR WALTZ	17	15
10H	06H	87	S COUNTRY	16	6
0AH	0FH	88	S BOOGIE	10	15

4 Useful Information

Decimal and Hexadecimal

It is common to use 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers in MIDI communication. The following is a conversion table between decimal numbers and 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers.

■ Values of ppH

ppH	Description	PC
00H	Original Basic	01
01H	Original Advanced	02
08H	Variation Basic	09
09H	Variation Advanced	10
40H	Intro Basic	65
41H	Intro Advanced	66
48H	Ending Basic	73
49H	Ending Advanced	74
58H	Fill in to Original Basic	89
59H	Fill in to Original Advanced	90
60H	Fill in to Variation Basic	97
61H	Fill in to Variation Advanced	98
70H	Break Mute	113
50H	Fill in to Variation <	81
51H	Fill in to Original <	82
52H	Intro < E- series compatibility	83
53H	Ending <	84
54H	Break Mute <	85

Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal
0	00H	32	20H	64	40H	96	60H
1	01H	33	21H	65	41H	97	61H
2	02H	34	22H	66	42H	98	62H
3	03H	35	23H	67	43H	99	63H
4	04H	36	24H	68	44H	100	64H
5	05H	37	25H	69	45H	101	65H
6	06H	38	26H	70	46H	102	66H
7	07H	39	27H	71	47H	103	67H
8	08H	40	28H	72	48H	104	68H
9	09H	41	29H	73	49H	105	69H
10	0AH	42	2AH	74	4AH	106	6AH
11	0BH	43	2BH	75	4BH	107	6BH
12	0CH	44	2CH	76	4CH	108	6CH
13	0DH	45	2DH	77	4DH	109	6DH
14	0EH	46	2EH	78	4EH	110	6EH
15	0FH	47	2FH	79	4FH	111	6FH
16	10H	48	30H	80	50H	112	70H
17	11H	49	31H	81	51H	113	71H
18	12H	50	32H	82	52H	114	72H
19	13H	51	33H	83	53H	115	73H
20	14H	52	34H	84	54H	116	74H
21	15H	53	35H	85	55H	117	75H
22	16H	54	36H	86	56H	118	76H
23	17H	55	37H	87	57H	119	77H
24	18H	56	38H	88	58H	120	78H
25	19H	57	39H	89	59H	121	79H
26	1AH	58	3AH	90	5AH	122	7AH
27	1BH	59	3BH	91	5BH	123	7BH
28	1CH	60	3CH	92	5CH	124	7CH
29	1DH	61	3DH	93	5DH	125	7DH
30	1EH	62	3EH	94	5EH	126	7EH
31	1FH	63	3FH	95	5FH	127	7FH

*To indicate a decimal number for the MIDI channel, Bank number, and Program number, add one to the values in the table.

*The resolution of 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers is 128. Use several bytes for values which require more resolution.

i.e. The number "ad bbH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad x 128 + bb" in Decimal form.

*A signed number (with a sign +/-) is indicated as 00H = -64, 40H = 0, 7FH = +63. So the signed number "aaH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad - 64" (ad is the decimal number of aaH).

In case of two bytes, it is regarded as 00 00H = -8192, 40 00H = 0, 7F 7FH = +8191.

So the signed number "ad bbH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad bbH - 40 00H = ad x 128 + bb - 64 x 128", where, ad and bb is

the decimal number of aaH and bbH respectively.

*The data indicated as "nibbled" is a 4-bit Hexadecimal number.

i.e. "0a 0bH" is "a x 16 + b".

<Example 1> Convert "5AH" in Hexadecimal to a Decimal number.

(By using the table)5AH = 90

<Example 2> Convert "12 34H" in 7-bit Hexadecimal to a Decimal number.

(By using the table) 12H = 18, 34H = 52

So, 18 x 128 + 52 = 2356

<Example 3> Convert "0A 03 09 0D" in nibbled form to a Decimal number.

(By using the table)0AH = 10, 03H = 3, 09H = 9, 0DH = 13

So, ((10 x 16 + 3) x 16 + 9) x 16 + 13 = 41885

Example of actual MIDI messages

<Example 1> 92 3E 5F

"9n" is a status of a Note On message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.
The second byte is the Note number, and the third is Velocity.
2H = 2, 3EH = 62, 5FH = 95
So, this is a Note On message of MIDI channel=3, Note number=62(D4) and Velocity=95.

<Example 2> CE 49

"Cn" is a status of a Program change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.
The second byte is a Program number.
EH = 14, 49H = 73
So, this is a Program change message of MIDI channel=15, Program number= 74 (Flute in GS).

<Example 3> EA 00 28

"EnH" is a status of a Pitch bend change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.
The second byte (00H) is an LSB and the third (28H) is an MSB of a Pitch bend value (%signed).

The Pitch bend value is:

$$28\ 00H - 40\ 00H = 40 \times 128 + 0 - (64 \times 128 + 0) = 5120 - 8192 = -3072$$

So, this is a Pitch bend change message of MIDI channel=11, Pitch bend value = -3072

If the Pitch bend sensitivity is set to 2 semitones, and the Pitch bend value -8192

(00 00H) is defined as -200 cents,

The actual pitch bend value of this message is :

$$200 \times (-3072) / (-8192) = -75 \text{ cent}$$

<Example 4> B3 64 00 65 00 06 0C 26 00 64 7F 65 7F

"Bn" is a status of a Control change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.
The second byte is a Control number and the third is the value.
This packet uses the running status rule, that is, when you send a series of messages with the same status, you can omit the following status bytes.
This message contains :

B3	64 00	MIDI CH = 4	LSB	of RPN parameter number	: 00H
(B3)	65 00	MIDI CH = 4	MSB	of RPN parameter number	: 00H
(B3)	06 0C	MIDI CH = 4	MSB	of Data entry	: 0CH
(B3)	26 00	MIDI CH = 4	LSB	of Data entry	: 00H
(B3)	64 7F	MIDI CH = 4	LSB	of RPN parameter number	: 7FH
(B3)	65 7F	MIDI CH = 4	MSB	of RPN parameter number	: 7FH

This message string means 'send data "0C 00H" to RPN parameter number"00 00H", after that, set RPN parameter number to "7F 7F".

RPN parameter number "00 00H" is Pitch bend sensitivity and the unit of the MSB value is a semitone, so 0CH = 12 is a value to set the Pitch bend sensitivity = 12 semitones (one octave).

GS devices ignore the LSB value of Pitch bend sensitivity. However, you had better send both MSB and LSB(=00H) to maintain data compatibility.

Once an RPN or NRPN number is set, all the Data entry messages sent after are effective.

Sometimes this rule may cause a problem if the MIDI data is played by a recorder and it is operated in fast forward or backward mode. It is recommended, therefore, to set the RPN or NRPN number to 7F 7FH after sending the Data entry messages.

*To use running-status for several MIDI event like <example 4> in a song data (e.g. Standard MIDI File data) is not recommended.

There may be a recorder which can not handle such data correctly when it is operated in fast forward or backward. Putting the status byte for every event is the reliable way.

*The parameter number and the value of RPN or NRPN must be sent in correct order. As some recorders may send those recorded data in different order if an event is too close to another, it is recommended to place each event in a different tick. (1-CLK for TPQN=92, or 5-CLK for TPQN=480 is recommended).

The send order may be different as each recorder if the events are in the same clock in sequence data.

Checksum of Roland System Exclusive messages

Roland System Exclusive messages (RQ1 and DT1) have a Checksum at the end of the data (just before EOX) to be able to check for communication errors. The Checksum is determined by values of address and data (or size) included in the message.

<How to calculate Checksums> ("H" indicates Hexadecimal.)

The error checking process employs a sum-ckcek error detection. It provides binary bit figures whose lower 7 bits are zero when values for an address, data (or size) and the Checksum are summed.

One practical equation to determine Checksum is:

If the address is "ad bb ccH" and the data (or the size) is "dd ee ffH"
 $ad + bb + cc + dd + ee + ff = \text{sum}$
 $\text{sum} / 128 = \text{quotient} / \text{remainder}$
 $128 - \text{remainder} = \text{checksum}$

<Example 1> Set "REVERB MACRO" to "ROOM 3"

According to the Parameter Address Map, the Address of REVERB MACRO is 40 01 30H, and the Value correspond to ROOM 3 is 02H.

So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status(4) Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (DT1)
 (1)(2)(3)(4)(5) address data checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :

$$40H + 01H + 30H + 02H = 64 + 1 + 48 + 2 = 115(\text{sum})$$

$$115(\text{sum}) / 128 = 0(\text{quotient}) 115(\text{remainder})$$

$$\text{checksum} = 128 - 115(\text{remainder}) = 13 = 0DH$$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 0D F7

<Example 2> To request LEVEL of NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5; Claves) in DRUM MAP 1

NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5) is 4BH in Hexadecimal.

The Address of "LEVEL of NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5; Claves) in DRUM MAP 1" is 41 02 4BH, and the size is 00 00 01H. So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 11 41 02 4B 00 00 01 ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status (4)Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (RQ1)
 (1)(2)(3)(4)(5) address size checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :

$$41H + 02H + 4BH + 00H + 00H + 01H = 65 + 2 + 75 + 0 + 0 + 1 = 143(\text{sum})$$

$$143(\text{sum}) / 128 = 1(\text{quotient}) 15(\text{remainder})$$

$$\text{checksum} = 128 - 15(\text{remainder}) = 113 = 71H$$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 11 41 02 4B 00 00 01 71 F7

<Example 3> Set "MASTER TUNE" to +23.4 cents by System Exclusive

The Address of "MASTER TUNE" is 40 00 00H, and the Size is 00 00 04H.

The Value should be nibblized data whose resolution is 0.1 cents, and which is a signed value

$$(00\ 04\ 00\ 00H (= 1024) = \%0)$$

$$+23.4[\text{cents}] = 234 + 1024 = 1258 = (\text{hexadecimal}) => 04\ EAH = (\text{nibblized}) => 00\ 04\ 0E\ 0AH$$

So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 12 41 00 00 04 0E 0A ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status (4)Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (DT1)
 (1)(2)(3)(4)(5) address data checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :

$$41H + 00H + 00H + 00H + 04H + 0EH + 0AH = 65 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 4 + 14 + 10 = 93(\text{sum})$$

$$93(\text{sum}) / 128 = 0(\text{quotient}) 93(\text{remainder})$$

$$\text{checksum} = 128 - 93(\text{remainder}) = 35 = 23H$$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 12 41 00 00 04 0E 0A 23 F7

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

[INTELLIGENT KEYBOARD]
Model E-28

(Arranger Section)

Date: June 1996
Version: 1.0

FUNCTION	TRANSMITTED	RECOGNIZED	REMARKS
Basic Default	2-4-5-6-7-8-10-11-13-16	1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-16	1 = Rx 1 9 = Rx3 2 = Acc Bass 10 = Acc Drums/Stl PC 3 = Rx 2 11 = Lower 4 = Upper1 12 = Rx 4 5 = Acc 1 13 = Upper 2 6 = Acc 2 14 = Note to Arranger 7 = Acc 3 16 = Man Drum 8 = Manual Bass
Channel Changed	X	1-16, OFF	
Mode Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 Mode 3, 4 (M=1) *****	Mode 3 Mode 3, 4 (M=1) *2	
Note Number: True voice	0-127 *****	0-127 *1 0-127	
Velocity Note ON Note OFF	O X	O *1 X	
After Touch Key's Ch's	X X	O *1 O *1	
Pitch Bender	O	O *1	
Control Change	0,32 O 1 O 5 O 6,38 X 7 X 10 O *3 11 O *3 64 O 65 X 66 X 67 X 84 O 91 O 93 O 98,99 X 100,101 X 120 X 121 X	O (MSB only) *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O (Reverb) *1 O (Chorus) *1 O *1 O *1 O O	Bank select Modulation Portamento time Data entry Volume Panpot Expression Hold 1 Portamento Sostenuto Soft Portamento control Effect 1 depth Effect 3 depth NRPN LSB, MSB RPN LSB, MSB All sound off Reset all controllers
Program Change:	O *****	O *1 0-127	Prog. 1-128
System Exclusive	O	O	
System Common :Song Pos :Song Sel :Tune	X X X	X X X	
System Real Time :Clock :Commands	O O	O O	
Aux Messages :Local On/Off :All Notes Off :Active Sense :Reset	X X O X	X (123-125) O O X	
Notes	* 1 O or X is selectable * 2 Recognize as M=1 even if M%1 * 3 Transmitted if recorded into Recorder		

Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY
Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY

Mode 2: OMNI ON, MONO
Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO

O: YES
X: NO

SOUND MODULE AND KEYBOARD SECTION, STANDARD MIDI FILE PLAYER

1 Receive data (Sound Module and Keyboard Section)

- Channel Voice Messages -

■ Note off

Status	Second	Third
8nH	kkH	vvH
9nH	kkH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv=Velocity : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Midi Rx.channel = OFF".
 *In the drum part, recognized when "Rx.Note off = ON" for each instrument.
 *Velocity is ignored.

■ Note on

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	vvH

n= MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk= Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv= Velocity : 01H - 7FH (1 - 127)

*Ignored when "Rx.Note message = OFF".
 *In the drum part, ignored when "Rx.Note on = OFF" for each instrument.

■ Polyphonic key pressure

Status	Second	Third
AnH	kkH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 kk=Note number : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 vv=Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Rx.Polyphonic key pressure = OFF".
 *Effect to the parameter set on "PAf controller function".
 The default setting has no effect.

■ Control change

*Ignored all control change messages other than channel mode messages when "Rx.Control change = OFF".
 *The values set by Control change messages won't reset by receiving new Program change messages.

Bank select

Status	Second	Third
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	11H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm, ll=Bank number : 00H,00H - 7FH,7FH (bank1 - bank16384)
 Default Value = 00 00H (bank.1)

*Ignored when "Rx.Bank Select = OFF".
 "Rx.Bank Select" is set to ON by "GS RESET". (Power-on default value is ON.)
 *The LSB 7-bits are ignored (always regards as 11H=00H).
 However, when sending Bank Select messages, you have to send both of the MSB(mm) and LSB(ll) together.
 *"Bank select" is suspended until receiving "Program change".

To select a Tone of another bank, you have to send Bank select(mm,ll) before sending the Program change.
 *The "Variation number" of GS Format is defined as the decimal expression of the MSB value (Control change number 00H) of the Bank select.

Modulation

Status	Second	Third
BnH	01H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Modulation depth : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Rx.Modulation = OFF".
 *Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting is pitch modulation depth.

Portamento time

Status	Second	Third
BnH	05H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Portamento time : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)
 Default Value = 00H (0)

*The Portamento time value changes the rate of pitch change when Portamento is ON or when using portamento control messages.
 Value 0 is the fastest.

Data entry

Status	Second	Third
BnH	06H	mmH
BnH	26H	11H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm,ll=Value of the parameter specified with RPN and/or NRPN

Volume

Status	Second	Third
BnH	07H	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Volume : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Volume messages control the volume level of the specified channel (part).
 Use Volume messages to control volume balance of each part.
 *Ignored when "Rx.Volume = OFF".

Panpot

Status	Second	Third
BnH	0AH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Panpot : 00H - 40H 7FH (Left - Center - Right)

*127 steps from Left to Center to Right.
 *Within the Drum Part, the panpot provides overall control of a stereophonic image.
 *Ignored when "Rx.Panpot = OFF".

Expression

Status Second Third
BnH 0BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Expression : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Expression and Volume messages are cumulative, and the result will control the overall volume.
Use Expression messages for expression pedal, or creating expressive effects, such as crescendo, decrescendo, while playing.
*Ignored when "Rx.Expression = OFF".

Hold1

Status Second Third
BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF, 64-127=ON

*Ignored when "Rx.Hold1 = OFF".

Portamento

Status Second Third
BnH 41H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF, 64-127=ON

*Ignored when "Rx.Portamento = OFF".

Sostenuto

Status Second Third
BnH 42H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF, 64-127=ON

*Ignored when "Rx.Sostenuto = OFF".

Soft

Status Second Third
BnH 43H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Ignored when "Rx.Soft = OFF".

Portamento Control

Status Second Third
BnH 54H kkH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
kk=source note number for pitch reference: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*When a Note On message is received after a Portamento Control message, the voice's pitch will glide from the pitch specified by the source note number of the Portamento Control message at the rate set by the portamento time controller (regardless portamento on/off.)
If there is a currently sounding voice whose note number is coincident with the source note number, the voice's pitch will glide to the new Note On's pitch according to the portamento time without re-triggering (played in legato). Then no new voice should be assigned.

Example 1.

On MIDI	Description	Result
90 3C 40 B0 54 3C	Note on C4 Portamento Control from C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sounding)
90 40 40	Note on E4	glide from C4 to E4
80 3C 40	Note off C4	no change
80 40 40	Note off E4	E4 off

Example 2.

On MIDI	Description	Result
B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Portamento Control from C4 Note on E4	no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E4
80 40 40	Note off E4	E4 off

Effect1 depth(Reverb send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Reverb send level : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect1 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Reverb unit.

Effect3 depth(Chorus send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5DH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Chorus send level : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect3 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Chorus unit.

NRPN MSB/LSB

Status Second Third
BnH 63H mmH
BnH 62H llH

n =MIDI channel number :0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm =MSB of the NRPN
ll =LSB of the NRPN

*Recognized when "Rx.NRPN = ON". "Rx.NRPN" is set ON by "GS RESET".
*The values set by NRPN won't reset by receiving new Program Change messages or Reset All Controllers.

NRPN

An NRPN (Non Registered Parameter Number) is an expanded control change message.
Each function of an NRPN is described by the individual manufacturer.
To use NRPN, set NRPN number (MSB/LSB) before sending data. Then send data by Data entry message (Control Change # 6/38).
And then, it is recommended to send RPN null (RPN number = 7FH/7FH) to prevent the data from being unexpectedly change. For more explanation, refer to Chapter 4. Useful Information, Example of actual MIDI messages <EXAMPLE 4>.

You can change the following parameters by using NRPN.

NRPN	Data entry	Description
MSB	LSB	MSB
01H	08H	mmH Vibrato rate relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	09H	mmH Vibrato depth relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	0AH	mmH Vibrato delay relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	20H	mmH TVF cutoff frequency relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	21H	mmH TVF resonance relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	63H	mmH TVF&TVa Env. Attack time relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)

01H	64H	mmH	TVF&TVA Env. Decay time relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H	66H	mmH	TVF&TVA Env. Release time relative change on specified channel mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
18H	rrH	mmH	Pitch coarse of drum instrument relative change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-40H-7FH (-64 - 0 - +63 semitone)
1AH	rrH	mmH	TVA level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)
1CH	rrH	mmH	Panpot of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H,01H-40H-7FH (Random, Left-Center-Right)
1DH	rrH	mmH	Reverb send level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)
1EH	rrH	mmH	Chorus send level of drum instrument absolute change on specified drum instrument rr: key number of drum instrument mm: 00H-7FH (zero - maximum)

*Data entry LSB is ignored.
 *The relative change means that the parameter value(e.g.-50 - 0 - +50) will be added to the preset value.
 *The absolute change means that the parameter value will be replaced by the received value.

RPN MSB/LSB

Status	Second	Third
BnH	65H	mmH
BnH	64H	llH

n =MIDI channel number :0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm =MSB of the RPN
 ll =MSB of the RPN

*Ignored when "Rx.RPN = OFF".
 *The values set by an RPN won't be reset by receiving new Program Change messages or Reset All Controllers.

RPN

An RPN (Registered Parameter Number) is an expanded control change message.

Each function of an RPN is described by the MIDI Standard.
 To use RPN, set RPN number (MSB/LSB) before sending data. Then send data by Data entry message(Control Change # 6/38). And then, it is recommended to send RPN null (RPN number = 7FH/7FH) to prevent the data from being unexpectedly change. For more explanation, refer to Chapter 4. Useful Information, Example of actual MIDI messages <EXAMPLE 4>.

You can change the following parameters by using RPN.

RPN MSB	RPN LSB	Data entry MSB	Data entry LSB	Description
00H	00H	mmH	----	Pitch bend sensitivity mm: 00H-18H (0 - 24 semitone) Default value=02H (two semitones) ll: ignored (value=00H) (Up to 2 octaves)
00H	01H	mmH	llH	Master fine tuning mm, ll: 00 00H-40 00H-7F 7FH (-8192x100/8192 - 0 - +8191x100/8192 cents)
00H	02H	mmH	----	Master coarse tuning mm: 28H-40H-58H (-24 - 0 - +24 semitones) ll: ignored (value=00H)
7FH	7FH	----	----	RPN null Return to disable condition. The parameter already set retains its value. mm,ll: ignored.

■ Program change

Status	Second
CnH	ppH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 pp=Program number : 00H - 7FH (prog.1 - prog.128)

*The Tone of the voices already ON before receiving a program change message isn't affected.
 The Tone will be changed by a new Not-on message after the program change is received.
 *Ignored when "Rx.Program change = OFF".
 *In the drum part, Program change messages are ignored when the Bank is set at 129 - 16384 (ie. the value of the control change number 0 is not 00H).

■ Channel pressure

Status	Second
DnH	vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 vv=Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting has no effect.
 *Ignored when "Rx.Channel pressure = OFF".

■ Pitch bend change

Status	Second	Third
EnH	llH	mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
 mm, ll=Value : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

*Effect to the parameter set on "MOD controller function".
 The default setting is pitch bend.
 *Ignored when "Rx.Pitch bend change = OFF".

Channel Mode Messages

■ All sounds off

Status	Second	Third
BnH	78H	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "All sounds off" is received, all sounds on a specified channel turn off immediately.
 However, the state of channel messages does not change. You must not use "All sound off" message for "Note off".

■ Reset all controllers

Status	Second	Third
BnH	79H	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "reset all controllers" is received, the controller value of specified channel returns to the default at values as follows.

Controller	Default Value
Pitch bend change	0(Center)
Polyphonic key pressure	0(off)
Channel pressure	0(off)
Modulation	0(off)
Expression	127(maximum)
Hold1	0(off)
Portamento	0(off)
Sostenuto	0(off)
Soft	0(off)
RPN	disabled. The parameter already set retains its old value.
NRPN	disabled. The parameter already set retains its old value.

■ All notes off

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7BH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*When "All notes off" is received, all notes are turned off in the specified channel.
However, sound continues while hold1 and/or sostenuto is on.

■ OMNI OFF

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7CH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*OMNI OFF is only recognized as "all notes off". Mode doesn't change.

■ OMNI ON

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7DH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*OMNI ON is only recognized as "all notes off". Mode doesn't change (OMNI OFF remains).

■ MONO

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7EH	mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm=number of mono : 00H - 10H (0 - 16)

**MONO is recognized as "all sounds off". The specified channel turns to Mode4 (M=1), even if mm is not equal to 1 (mm is ignored).

■ POLY

Status	Second	Third
BnH	7FH	00H

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

*POLY is recognized as "all sounds off". The specified channel turns to Mode3.

System Real Time Message

■ Active sensing

Status
FEH

*Having received an "active sensing" message, GS expects to receive additional active sensing messages at 300ms intervals.
If the interval is greater than 420ms, GS executes "All sounds off", "All notes off" and "Reset all controllers" and returns to normal operation.
(Monitoring of active sensing messages will terminate.)

System Exclusive Message

Status	Data	Status
F0H	iiH,ddH,.....,eeH	F7H

F0H : System exclusive
ii=ID number : The ID number identifies the manufacturer of a MIDI device that triggers an exclusive message. Value 7EH and 7FH are reserved to use as universal messages which are used for extension of the MIDI Standard.
41H : Roland's Manufacturer-ID.
7EH : Universal Non-Realtime Message
7FH : Universal Realtime Message
dd,.....ee=data: 00H-7FH (0-127)
F7H: EOX (End of Exclusive/System common)

■ System Exclusive Messages of Mode Change

System Exclusive Messages of Mode Change are the messages used to initialize the internal parameters of the device to General MIDI mode or GS default mode .
"GS reset" and "Exit GS mode" use a form of Roland Exclusive Message. "Turn General MIDI System On" and "Turn General MIDI System Off" use a form of Universal Non-real Time Message.

■ GS reset

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 00H, 41H	F7H

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	ID number (Roland)
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID (GS)
12H	Command ID (DT1)
40H	Address MSB
00H	:
7FH	Address LSB
00H	Data (GS reset)
41H	Checksum
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)

*Upon receiving this message, all the internal parameters are set to the default settings of the GS Format. (Rx.NRPN SW will be turned ON by this message.)
*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

■ Exit GS mode

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 7FH, 42H	F7H

Byte	Description
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	ID number (Roland)
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID (GS)
12H	Command ID (DT1)
40H	Address MSB
00H	:
7FH	Address LSB
7FH	Data (Exit GS mode)
42H	Checksum
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)

*Upon receiving this message, the unit changes from GS to e-28 default mode.
*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

■ Turn General MIDI System On

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 01H	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (Universal non-real time message)	
7FH	ID of target device (Broadcast)	
09H	sub-ID#1 (General MIDI message)	
01H	sub-ID#2 (General MIDI On)	
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)	

*Upon receiving this message, all the internal parameters are set to the default settings of General MIDI System Level 1.

*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

■ Turn General MIDI System Off

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 02H	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (Universal non-real time message)	
7FH	ID of target device (Broadcast)	
09H	sub-ID#1 (General MIDI message)	
02H	sub-ID#2 (General MIDI Off)	
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)	

*Upon receiving this message, the unit changes from General MIDI mode to e-28 default mode.

*It takes about 100 ms to execute this message.

■ Data Transfer

e-28 can transmit and receive the various parameters using System Exclusive messages of the following data format.

GS Common Exclusive messages use Model ID = 42H and Device ID = 17(10H).

e-28 have a unique Exclusive communication function which has it's own Model IDs in addition to the GS Common Exclusive messages.

■ Request data 1 RQ1

This message is sent out to request the remote device to send back the required data.

It contains data for the address and size that specify designation and length, respectively.

On receiving a proper RQ1 message for the device, the device will transmit a "Data set 1 (DT1)" message, which contains the requested data. Otherwise, the device will not send anything.

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 11H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ssH, ttH, uuH, sum	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	Manufacturer's ID (Roland)	
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)	
42H	Model ID (GS)	
11H	Command ID (RQ1)	
aaH	Address MSB	
bbH	:	
ccH	Address LSB	
ssH	Size MSB	
ttH	:	
uuH	Size LSB	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)	

*e-28 only recognize the RQ1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*The error checking process uses a Checksum. Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

■ Data set 1 DT1

This message corresponds to the actual data transfer process. On receiving a DT1 message, the device writes the data to internal memory according to the address.

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ddH, ... eeH, sum	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	Manufacturer's ID (Roland)	
10H	Device ID (dev => 10H)	
42H	Model ID (GS)	
12H	Command ID (DT1)	
aaH	Address MSB	
bbH	:	
ccH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	
:	:	
eeH	Data	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End of exclusive)	

*e-28 only recognize the DT1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*To send large DT1 messages at a time, insert 40ms - intervals at least in between each packet.

*The error checking process uses a Checksum. Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

2 Transmit Data (Sound Module & Keyboard Section)

- Channel Voice Message -

■ Note off

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	00H
n=MIDI channel number :	0H - FH	(ch.1 - ch.16)
kk=Note number :	00H - 7FH	(0 - 127)
vv=Velocity :	00H	(0)

■ Note on

Status	Second	Third
9nH	kkH	vvH
n=MIDI channel number :	0H - FH	(ch.1 - ch.16)
kk=Note number :	00H - 7FH	(0 - 127)
vv=Velocity :	01H - 7FH	(1 - 127)

■ Control change

Bank select

Status	Second	Third
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	llH
n=MIDI channel number :	0H - FH	(ch.1 - ch.16)
mm, ll =Bank number :	00H,00H - 7FH,7FH	(bank1 - bank16384)

Modulation

Status	Second	Third
BnH	01H	vvH
n=MIDI channel number :	0H - FH	(ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Modulation depth :	00H - 7FH	(0 - 127)

Hold1

Status Second Third
BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Control Value : 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0-63=OFF, 64-127=ON

■ Effect3 depth (Chorus send level)

Status Second Third
BnH 5DH vvH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
vv=Chorus send level: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

*Effect3 depth messages control the Send Level of the specified channel (part) to the internal Chorus unit.

■ Program change

Status Second
CnH ppH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
pp=Program number : 00H - 7FH (prog.1 - prog.128)

■ Pitch bend change

Status Second Third
EnH llH mmH

n=MIDI channel number : 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)
mm, ll=Value : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

System Realtime Message

Active sensing

Status
FEH

*Transmits at about 300ms intervals.

System Exclusive Message

■ Data Transfer

e-28 transmits "Data set 1 (DT1)" message when receiving a proper "Request Data 1(RQ1)" message. Refer to section 1(System Exclusive Message)

■ Data set 1 DT1 (12H)

Status	Data Byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ddH, ... eeH, sum	F7H
Byte	Description	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	Manufacturer's ID	(Roland)
10H	Device ID	(dev => 10H)
42H	Model ID	(GS)
12H	Command ID	(DT1)
aaH	Address MSB	
bbH	Address	
ccH	Address LSB	
ddH	Data	
:	:	
eeH	Data	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX	(End of exclusive)

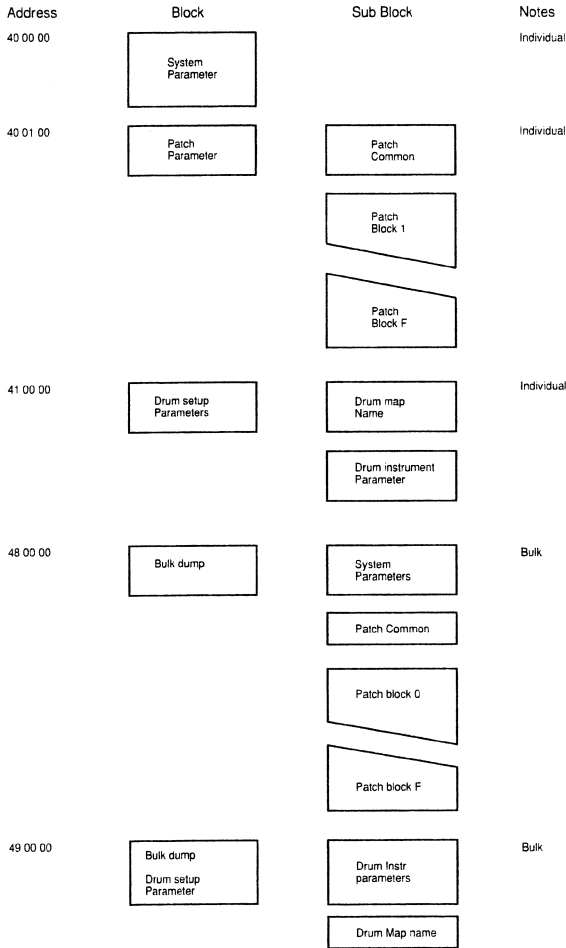
*e-28 only send the DT1 messages whose address and size match the Parameter Address Map (Section 3).

*If the data to send is a large data (more than 128 bytes), then the data will be sent out in separate packets.

*Refer to Section 4 to calculate a Checksum.

3 Parameter address map (Model ID = 42H)

This map indicates address, size, Data (range), Parameter, Description, and Default Value of parameters which can be transferred using "Request data 1 (RQ1)" and "Data set 1 (DT1)". All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default Value are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal-form.



There are two types of GS Exclusive message. One is an individual parameter communication, the other is a bulk dump communication.

Individual parameter

You can use individual parameter communication to send or request an individual parameter value. One packet of System Exclusive messages "F0 F7" can only have one parameter (which may contain several bytes). You cannot use any address having "#" for the top address in a System Exclusive message.

[SYSTEM PARAMETERS]

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default value (H)
40 00 00	00 00 04	0018 - 07E8	MASTER TUNE	-100.0 - +100.0 [cent] Use nibblized data.	00 04 00 00
40 00 01#					
40 00 02#					
40 00 03#					
40 00 04	00 00 01	00 - 7F	MASTER VOLUME	0 - 127	7F
40 00 05	00 00 01	28-58	MASTER KEY SHIFT	- 24 - +24 semitones	40
40 00 06	00 00 01	01 - 7F	MASTER PAN		40
40 00 7F	00 00 01	00, 7F	MODE SET (Rx Only)	00 = GS Reset 127 = Exit GS	

Refer to "System Exclusive Messages of Mode Change" Page ...

[PATCH PARAMETERS]

e-28 has 16 parts. The parameters of each part are called PATCH PARAMETERS. To send or request a PATCH PARAMETER, use not the part number (which is usually same as the MIDI channel number) but the BLOCK NUMBER in the message.

*x...BLOCK NUMBER (0 - F),	Part 1 (default MIDlch = 1)	x=1
	Part 2 (default MIDlch = 2)	x=2
	:	:
	Part 9 (default MIDlch = 9)	x=9
	Part10 (default MIDlch =10)	x=0
	Part11 (default MIDlch =11)	x=A
	Part12 (default MIDlch =12)	x=B
	:	:
	Part16 (default MIDlch =16)	x=F

*n...MIDI channel number (0 - F) of the BLOCK.

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default value (H)
40 01 00	00 00 10	20-7F	PATCH NAME	16 ASCII Characters	
40 01 :#					
40 01 0F#					
40 01 10	00 00 10	00 - 18	VOICE RESERVE	PART 10 (Drum Part)	02
40 01 11#				PART 1	06
40 01 12#				PART 2	02
40 01 13#				PART 3	02
40 01 14#				PART 4	02
40 01 15#				PART 5	02
40 01 16#				PART 6	02
40 01 17#				PART 7	02
40 01 18#				PART 8	02
40 01 19#				PART 9	02
40 01 1A#				PART 11	00
40 01 :#				:	
40 01 1F#				PART 16	00

The sum total of voices in the voice reserve function must be equal or less than the number of the maximum polyphony. The number of the maximum polyphony of e-28 is 24.

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description	Default value (H)
40 01 30	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB MACRO	00: Room 1 01: Room 2 02: Room 3 03: Hall 1 04: Hall 2 05: Plate 06: Delay 07: Panning Delay	04
40 01 31	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB CHARACTER		04
40 01 32	00 00 01	00 - 07	REVERB PRE-LPF		00
40 01 33	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB LEVEL		40
40 01 34	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB TIME		40
40 01 35	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB DELAY FEEDBACK		00
40 01 36	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL TO CHORUS		00

40 2x 57 00 00 01 00 - 7F CC2 LFO2 RATE CONTROL -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz] 40
 40 2x 58 00 00 01 00 - 7F CC2 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH 0 - 600 [cent] 00
 40 2x 59 00 00 01 00 - 7F CC2 LFO2 TVF DEPTH 0 - 2400 [cent] 00
 40 2x 5A 00 00 01 00 - 7F CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH 0 - 100.0 [%] 00

48 08 10 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 4 2 packets
 48 09 6F#
 48 09 70 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 5 2 packets
 48 0B 4F#
 48 0B 50 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 6 2 packets
 48 0D 2F#
 48 0D 30 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 7 2 packets
 48 0F 0F#
 48 0F 10 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 8 2 packets
 48 10 6F#
 48 10 70 00 01 60 : # BLOCK 9 2 packets
 48 12 4F#
 48 12 50 00 01 60 : # BLOCK A 2 packets
 48 14 2F#
 48 14 30 00 01 60 : # BLOCK B 2 packets
 48 16 0F#
 48 16 10 00 01 60 : # BLOCK C 2 packets
 48 17 6F#
 48 17 70 00 01 60 : # BLOCK D 2 packets
 48 19 4F#
 48 19 50 00 01 60 : # BLOCK E 2 packets
 48 1B 2F#
 48 1B 30 00 01 60 : # BLOCK F 2 packets
 48 1D 0F#

DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS

*m:Map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2)
 *rr:drum part note number (00H - 7FH)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Data(H)	Parameter	Description
41 m0 00	00 00 0C	20 - 7F	DRUM MAP NAME	ASCII Character
41 m0 0B#				
41 m1 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PLAY NOTE NUMBER	Pitch coarse
41 m2 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	LEVEL	TVA level (=Bn 63 1A 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m3 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER	Non, 1 - 127
41 m4 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	PANPOT	Random, -63(LEFT) - +63(RIGHT) (=Bn 63 1C 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m5 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL	0.0 - 1.0 Multiplicand of the part reverb depth (=Bn 63 1D 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m6 rr	00 00 01	00 - 7F	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	0.0 - 1.0 Multiplicand of the part chorus cept (=Bn 63 1E 62 rr 06 vv)
41 m7 rr	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. NOTE OFF	OFF / ON
41 m8 rr	00 00 01	00 - 01	Rx. NOTE ON	OFF / ON

When you change Drum Sets, all values of the DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS will be initialized.

Bulk Dump

You can send or request bulk data which contains a large amount of parameter data by using Bulk Dump communication. It is used for storing bulk data in a sequencer or a computer. To send or request bulk data, use the Address and Size indicated in the following map. You cannot use any address having "#" for the top address in a System Exclusive message except the following case. Messages which include large data (more than 128 bytes) are sent out in separate packets, then, the top address of the following messages may be the address marked "#". To send several packets of large DT1 messages at a time, insert intervals of at least 40ms in between those packets.

DRUM SETUP PARAMETERS

*m: map number (0 = MAP1, 1 = MAP2)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
49 m0 00	00 02 00	PLAY NOTE NUMBER	2 packets
49 m1 7F			
49 m2 00	00 02 00	LEVEL	2 packets
49 m3 7F			
49 m4 00	00 02 00	ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER	2 packets
49 m5 7F			
49 m6 00	00 02 00	PANPOT	2 packets
49 m7 7F			
49 m8 00	00 02 00	REVERB SEND LEVEL	2 packets
49 m9 7F			
49 mA 00	00 02 00	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	2 packets
49 mB 7F			
49 mC 00	00 02 00	Rx. NOTE ON/OFF	2 packets
49 mD 7F			
49 mE 00	00 00 18	DRUM MAP NAME	1 packet
49 mE 17			

All Parameters (System Parameters and all Patch Parameters)

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 00	00 1D 10	ALL	30 packets
48 01 0F#			

System Parameters

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 00	00 00 10	SYSTEM PARAMETERS	1 packet
48 00 0F#			

Patch Parameters

Address(H)	SIZE(H)	Description	Number of packets
48 00 10	00 01 00	PATCH COMMON	1 packet
48 01 0F#			
48 01 10	00 01 60	BLOCK 0	2 packets
48 02 6F#			
48 02 70	00 01 60	BLOCK 1	2 packets
48 04 4F#			
48 04 50	00 01 60	BLOCK 2	2 packets
48 06 2F#			
48 06 30	00 01 60	BLOCK 3	2 packets
48 08 0F#			

4 Useful Information

Decimal and Hexadecimal

It is common to use 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers in MIDI communication. The following is a conversion table between decimal numbers and 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers.

Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Decimal	Hexa-decimal
0	00H	32	20H	64	40H	96	60H
1	01H	33	21H	65	41H	97	61H
2	02H	34	22H	66	42H	98	62H
3	03H	35	23H	67	43H	99	63H
4	04H	36	24H	68	44H	100	64H
5	05H	37	25H	69	45H	101	65H
6	06H	38	26H	70	46H	102	66H
7	07H	39	27H	71	47H	103	67H
8	08H	40	28H	72	48H	104	68H
9	09H	41	29H	73	49H	105	69H
10	0AH	42	2AH	74	4AH	106	6AH
11	0BH	43	2BH	75	4BH	107	6BH
12	0CH	44	2CH	76	4CH	108	6CH
13	0DH	45	2DH	77	4DH	109	6DH
14	0EH	46	2EH	78	4EH	110	6EH
15	0FH	47	2FH	79	4FH	111	6FH
16	10H	48	30H	80	50H	112	70H
17	11H	49	31H	81	51H	113	71H
18	12H	50	32H	82	52H	114	72H
19	13H	51	33H	83	53H	115	73H
20	14H	52	34H	84	54H	116	74H
21	15H	53	35H	85	55H	117	75H
22	16H	54	36H	86	56H	118	76H
23	17H	55	37H	87	57H	119	77H
24	18H	56	38H	88	58H	120	78H
25	19H	57	39H	89	59H	121	79H
26	1AH	58	3AH	90	5AH	122	7AH
27	1BH	59	3BH	91	5BH	123	7BH
28	1CH	60	3CH	92	5CH	124	7CH
29	1DH	61	3DH	93	5DH	125	7DH
30	1EH	62	3EH	94	5EH	126	7EH
31	1FH	63	3FH	95	5FH	127	7FH

Example of actual MIDI messages

<Example 1> 92 3E 5F

"9n" is a status of a Note On message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.

The second byte is the Note number, and the third is Velocity.

2H = 2, 3EH = 62, 5FH = 95

So, this is a Note On message of MIDI channel=3, Note number=62(D4) and Velocity=95.

<Example 2> CE 49

"Cn" is a status of a Program change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.

The second byte is a Program number.

EH = 14, 49H = 73

So, this is a Program change message of MIDI channel=15, Program number= 74 (Flute in GS).

<Example 3> EA 00 28

"EnH" is a status of a Pitch bend change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.

The second byte (00H) is an LSB and the third (28H) is an MSB of a Pitch bend value (signed).

The Pitch bend value is:

$28\ 00H - 40\ 00H = 40 \times 128 + 0 - (64 \times 128 + 0) = 5120 - 8192 = -3072$

So, this is a Pitch bend change message of MIDI channel=11,

Pitch bend value = -3072

If the Pitch bend sensitivity is set to 2 semitones, and the Pitch bend value -8192 (00 00H) is defined as -200 cents,

The actual pitch bend value of this message is: $-200 \times (-3072) / (-8192) = -75$ cent

<Example 4> B3 64 00 65 00 06 0C 26 00 64 7F 65 7F

"Bn" is a status of a Control change message, and "n" is a MIDI channel number.

The second byte is a Control number and the third is the value.

This packet uses the running status rule, that is, when you send a series of messages with the same status, you can omit the following status bytes.

This message contains :

```

B3 64 00  MIDI CH = 4  LSB  of RPN parameter number : 00H
(B3) 65 00  MIDI CH = 4  MSB  of RPN parameter number : 00H
(B3) 06 0C  MIDI CH = 4  MSB  of Data entry           : 0CH
(B3) 26 00  MIDI CH = 4  LSB  of Data entry           : 00H
(B3) 64 7F  MIDI CH = 4  LSB  of RPN parameter number : 7FH
(B3) 65 7F  MIDI CH = 4  MSB  of RPN parameter number : 7FH
    
```

This message string means 'send data "0C 00H" to RPN parameter number"00 00H", after that, set RPN parameter number to "7F 7F".

RPN parameter number "00 00H" is Pitch bend sensitivity and the unit of the MSB value is a semitone, so 0CH = 12 is a value

to set the Pitch bend sensitivity = 12 semitones (one octave).

GS devices ignore the LSB value of Pitch bend sensitivity. However, you had better send both MSB and LSB(=00H) to maintain data compatibility.

Once an RPN or NRPN number is set, all the Data entry messages sent after are effective.

Sometimes this rule may cause a problem if the MIDI data is played by a sequencer and it is operated in fast forward or backward made. It is

recommended, therefore, to set the RPN or NRPN number to 7F 7FH after sending the Data entry messages.

*To use running-status for several MIDI event like <example 4> in a song data (e.g. Standard MIDI File data) is not recommended.

There may be a sequencer which can not handle such data correctly when it is operated in fast forward or backward. Putting the status byte for every event is the reliable way.

*The parameter number and the value of RPN or NRPN must be sent in correct order. As some sequencers may send those recorded data in different order if an event is too close to another, it is recommended to place each event in a different tick. (1-CLK for TPQN=92, or 5-CLK for TPQN=480 is recommended.)

The send order may be different as each sequencer if the events are in the same clock in sequence data.

Checksum of Roland System Exclusive messages

Roland System Exclusive messages (RQ1 and DT1) have a Checksum at the end of the data (just before EOX) to be able to check for communication errors.

The Checksum is determined by values of address and data (or size) included in the message.

<How to calculate Checksums> ("H" indicates Hexadecimal.)

*To indicate a decimal number for the MIDI channel, Bank number, and Program number, add one to the values in the table.

*The resolution of 7-bit Hexadecimal numbers is 128. Use several bytes for values which require more resolution.

i.e. The number "ad bbH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad x 128 + bb" in Decimal form.

*A signed number (with a sign +/-) is indicated as 00H = -64, 40H = 0, 7FH = +63.

So the signed number "aaH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad - 64" (ad is the decimal number of aaH).

In case of two bytes, it is regarded as 00 00H = -8192, 40 00H = 0, 7F 7FH = +8191.

So the signed number "ad bbH" in 7-bit Hexadecimal is "ad bbH - 40 00H = ad x 128 + bb - 64 x 128", where, ad and bb is the decimal number of aaH and bbH respectively.

*The data indicated as "nibbled" is a 4-bit Hexadecimal number.

i.e. "0a 0bH" is "a x 16 + b".

<Example 1> Convert "5AH" in Hexadecimal to a Decimal number.

(By using the table) 5AH = 90

<Example 2> Convert "12 34H" in 7-bit Hexadecimal to a Decimal number.

(By using the table) 12H = 18, 34H = 52

So, $18 \times 128 + 52 = 2356$

<Example 3> Convert "0A 03 09 0D" in nibbled form to a Decimal number.

(By using the table) 0AH = 10, 03H = 3, 09H = 9, 0DH = 13

So, $((10 \times 16 + 3) \times 16 + 9) \times 16 + 13 = 41885$

The error checking process employs a sum-check error detection. It provides binary bit figures whose lower 7 bits are zero when values for an address, data (or size) and the Checksum are summed.

One practical equation to determine Checksum is:
 If the address is "ad bb ccH" and the data(or the size) is "dd ee ffH"
 $ad + bb + cc + dd + ee + ff = \text{sum}$
 $\text{sum} / 128 = \text{quotient and remainder}$
 $128 - \text{remainder} = \text{checksum}$

<Example 1> Set "REVERB MACRO" to "ROOM 3"

According to the Parameter Address Map, the Address of REVERB MACRO is 40 01 30H, and the Value correspond to ROOM 3 is 02H.
 So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status (4)Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (DT1)
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) address data checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :
 $40H + 01H + 30H + 02H = 64 + 1 + 48 + 2 = 115(\text{sum})$
 $115(\text{sum}) / 128 = 0(\text{quotient}) \ 115(\text{remainder})$
 $\text{checksum} = 128 - 115(\text{remainder}) = 13 = 0DH$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 0D F7

<Example 2> To request LEVEL of NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5; Claves) in DRUM MAP 1

NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5) is 4BH in Hexadecimal.
 The Address of "LEVEL of NOTE NUMBER 75(D#5; Claves) in DRUM MAP 1" is 41 02 4BH, and the size is 00 00 01H. So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 11 41 02 4B 00 00 01 ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status (4)Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (RQ1)
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) address data checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :
 $41H + 02H + 4BH + 00H + 00H + 01H = 65 + 2 + 75 + 0 + 0 + 1 = 143(\text{sum})$
 $143(\text{sum}) / 128 = 1(\text{quotient}) \ 15(\text{remainder})$
 $\text{checksum} = 128 - 15(\text{remainder}) = 113 = 71H$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 11 41 02 4B 00 00 01 71 F7

<Example 3> Set "MASTER TUNE" to +23.4 cents by System Exclusive
 The Address of "MASTER TUNE" is 40 00 00H, and the Size is 00 00 04H.
 The Value should be nibbled data whose resolution is 0.1 cents, and which is a signed value
 (00 04 00 00H (= 1024) = 0).
 $+23.4(\text{cents}) = 234 + 1024 = 1258 \text{=(hexadecimal)} \Rightarrow 04 \text{ EAH} \text{=(nibbled)} \Rightarrow 00 \ 04 \ 0E \ 0AH$

So, the message should be :

F0 41 10 42 12 41 00 00 00 04 0A ?? F7 (1)Exclusive Status (4)Model ID (GS)
 (2)ID (Roland) (5)Command ID (DT1)
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) address data checksum (6) (3)Device ID (16) (6)End of Exclusive

The Checksum is :
 $41H + 00H + 00H + 00H + 04H + 0EH + 0AH = 65 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 4 + 14 + 10 = 93(\text{sum})$
 $93(\text{sum}) / 128 = 0(\text{quotient}) \ 93(\text{remainder})$
 $\text{checksum} = 128 - 93(\text{remainder}) = 35 = 23H$

Therefore, the message to send is : F0 41 10 42 12 41 00 00 00 04 0E 0A 23 F7

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

[INTELLIGENT KEYBOARD]
Model E-28

(Sound Module & Keyboard Section)

Date: June 1996
Version: 1.0

FUNCTION	TRANSMITTED	RECOGNIZED	REMARKS
Basic Channel Default Changed	4 X	1-16 1-16, OFF	4 = Upper 1
Mode Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 Mode 3, 4 (M=1) *****	Mode 3 Mode 3, 4 (M=1)	*2
Note Number: True voice	0-127 *****	0-127 0-127	
Velocity Note ON Note OFF	O X	O X	
After Touch Key's Ch's	X X	O *1 O *1	
Pitch Bender	O	O *1	
Control Change	0,32 O 1 O 5 X 6,38 X 7 X 10 X 11 X 64 O 65 X 66 X 67 X 84 X 91 X 93 O 98,99 X 100,101 X 120 X 121 X	O (MSB only) *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O (Reverb) *1 O (Chorus) *1 O *1 O *1 O *1 O *1	*1 Bank select *1 Modulation *1 Portamento time *1 Data entry *1 Volume *1 Panpot *1 Expression *1 Hold 1 *1 Portamento *1 Sostenuto *1 Soft *1 Portamento control *1 Effect 1 depth *1 Effect 3 depth *1 NRPN LSB, MSB *1 RPN LSB, MSB *1 All sound off *1 Reset all controllers
Prog change: True #	O *****	O *1 0-127	Prog. 1-128
System Exclusive	O	O	
System Common : Song Pos : Song Sel : Tune	X X X	X X X	
System Real Time : Clock : Commands	x x	x x	
Aux Messages : Local ON/OFF : All Notes OFF : Active Sense : Reset	X X O X	X O (123-125) O X	
Notes	*1 O X is selectable *2 Recognize as M=1 even if M%1		

Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY
Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY

Mode 2: OMNI ON, MONO
Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO

O: YES
X: NO

 Roland®

K6018252

UPC

K6018252



10981

E-28

RES 147-96

Printed in Italy by Alda Tecnografica srl - Grottemare

96-06-E-28-M.I.-E.

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